Title:

MOP 10 - Protocol Deviations

1. Documenting and Recording Protocol Deviations

Subject Related Protocol Deviations:

- Should be recorded in the visit notes in the medical records or documented on the Protocol Deviation Source Worksheet.
 - o If utilizing the source worksheet, capture one deviation per form.
- Deviation-related source documents should be filed in the subject binder, as applicable.
- Enter deviation(s) into the EDC System.

2. Reporting Protocol Deviations – Site Responsibility

2.1 How do I Report Protocol Deviations to the Sponsor?

• Should a protocol deviation occur during the study, Site should report the protocol deviation to the following:

eCRF in EDC (Medidata)

IRB, if applicable

- Please refer to both your site's IRB Guidelines and your site's SOPs for reporting protocol deviations.
- o If uncertain, please discuss with the IRB and Sponsor.

3. Common Protocol Deviations

Protocol Deviation	Recommendation to Avoid Future Deviations
Follow-Up Visit: Completed before or after window Missed entirely	 Work with your site manager to review scheduled visits. Try to schedule visits at the beginning of the follow-up window. In the event subject calls to reschedule or misses the visit, this will give time to reschedule a new visit within window.
 Assessments and Laboratory Tests: Completed before or after window Not Done 	Review the testing required for that visit. If a clinic nurse or separate lab is performing the test, ensure they are aware of the requirements.
 Study Assessments Completed before or after window Not Done Subject Informed Consent: 	 Make every attempt to perform study assessments in window via an in-office visit or by phone as required. If for some reason an office visit is required but not possible, proceed with a telehealth or phone visit. Review signed ICF prior to performing study-specific
Not collected/documented appropriately	 procedures. Ensure the most current ICF version clearly labeled and available.

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	If your IRB requires initials/dates on each page, review each page to ensure completed
 Study Medications Dose changed or stopped sooner than 6 months postprocedure, per protocol 	Document reason for medication deviation and store source documentation in patient binder.
Adverse Event (AE) Reporting	AE: Enter in EDC (and optionally, complete source worksheet) as soon as possible, but no later than 10 working days from the date of awareness. Note: adverse event source should be signed off by PI. SAE: Notific Spansor within 3 working days in EDC.
	 SAE: Notify Sponsor within 2 working days in EDC UADE: Notify Sponsor within 2 working days in EDC

4. Deviation from Protocol Deemed Necessary by PI

- PIs may deem a deviation from the protocol to be necessary to protect the safety and/or physical well-being of a subject.
- PI is requested to notify Sponsor as soon as possible and IRB/REB if required.
- This deviation is still required to be reported through the EDC

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